

Disaster Happens – The Federal Partners

BWSR Academy 2014
Breezy Point Conference Center
10-28-14 and 10-29-14

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FEMA Funding in Presidential Disaster Declaration Counties

FEMA Public Assistance (PA)

- Only to repair "public" facilities that are not eligible for other federal funding
- Available for all presidential disaster declarations
- Pays up to 75%
- M.S. Chapter 12A Natural Disaster; State Assistance state can pay 25% nonfederal share via appropriations to MN Department of Public Safety
- BWSR Disaster Recovery and Assistance Program (DRAP) grants <u>are not</u> for nonfederal share with FEMA PA



Federal and State Public Assistance

FEMA (or FHWA?) and State



Street and Sewer: Public Assistance



Lester River, Strand Rd., St. Louis Co., 2012

Duluth, MN 2012



FEMA Funding in Presidential Disaster Declaration Counties

FEMA Individual Assistance (IA)

- Only for <u>repair</u> of "private" facilities
- Has not been available for most presidential disaster declarations
- Pays up to 75%
- M.S. Chapter 12A Natural Disaster; State Assistance state can pay 25% nonfederal share via appropriations to various state agencies
- BWSR DRAP <u>can</u> be used for nonfederal share with FEMA IA <u>for eligible</u> <u>activities</u>, when BWSR receives state disaster appropriation



NRCS Emergency Watershed Protection (EWP) Program

- Purpose: respond to natural disasters that cause sudden natural resource impairment of a watershed and pose threat to life or property
- 2 subprograms: EWP Recovery; EWP Floodplain Easement
- Public & private landowners eligible, if not eligible for other federal \$
- EWP Recovery option must have a public sponsor (e.g. city, county, or WD)
- Deadline for local sponsors to request assistance from NRCS State
 Conservationist is within 60 days after the disaster
- Pays up to 75% (90% in limited-resource areas)



NRCS Emergency Watershed Protection (EWP) Program

- Solutions must be cost-effective (e.g. slope stabilization cost < value of house)
- 2 categories of EWP Recovery projects
 - Exigency (a situation demanding swift attention)
 - Wait-listed (not an exigent situation)
- Technical assistance –
- BWSR DRAP <u>can</u> provide 25% nonfederal share in declared disaster counties, if BWSR receives state disaster appropriation
 - SWCDs can require landowners to contribute some match



EWP Exigency Project

EWP Wait-listed Project





Garvin Brook, Minnesota City, 2007

Zumbro River, Kellogg, MN, 2010 - 2012



FSA Emergency Conservation Program (ECP)

- Purpose: Repair damage to farmlands caused by natural disasters, or severe drought, and return farmland to agricultural production
- Typical practices –
- Up to 75% cost-share (90% for limited resource producers)
- FSA County Committees set sign-up periods and approve apps up to \$50K
- BWSR DRAP <u>can</u> provide nonfederal share in declared disaster counties, when BWSR receives state disaster appropriations
 - SWCDs can require landowners to contribute some match



Example ECP Practices

Debris Removal from Ag Fields and/or Land Shaping



Ag Fence Repair





NRCS Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP)

- Purposes: Same as for non-disaster locations and periods
- Program provisions: Same as usual
- BWSR DRAP <u>can</u> provide nonfederal share in declared disaster counties, when state disaster funding available
 - SWCDs can require landowners to contribute some match



FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)

- Purposes: Stand-alone activities to reduce or eliminate future natural disaster risks to people, structures, or infrastructure (public or private)
- Typical eligible activities –
- Local government sponsor required
- Potential savings must be greater than cost of the eligible activity
- Federal funding up to 75%
- Administered by MN Homeland Security and Emergency Mgmt. (HSEM)
- BWSR DRAP, or DNR Flood Damage Reduction Program <u>can</u> provide nonfederal share for eligible activities, when state funding available



Presenter Transition